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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BRAZIL.

Reports from Rio de Janeiro—Dr. Edward W. Ames appointed acting assistant surgeon, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, *August 15, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that, in accordance with your telegram of August 3, I have assumed, beginning August 13, the day of Dr. Havelburg's departure, the duties of medical officer at this consulate.

I have the further honor to transmit herewith the official sanitary report for Rio de Janeiro for the week ended August 11. There were 382 deaths from all causes, an increase of 28 as compared with the preceding week; 4 deaths from accesso-pernicioso, a decrease of 3; no deaths from yellow fever, a decrease of 6; 54 deaths from smallpox, an increase of 12; 5 deaths from typhoid fever, a decrease of 5; 1 death from diphtheria, a decrease of 1; 2 deaths from measles, an increase of 2; no deaths from whooping cough, the same as before; no deaths from plague (lymphatitis), a decrease of 2; 3 deaths from beriberi, an increase of 3, and 65 deaths from tuberculosis, an increase of 15.

Respectfully,

EDWARD W. AMES,
U. S. Vice Consul-General, and
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, *August 21, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that I have just been made United States vice and deputy consul-general (without compensation) and thus enabled to sign bills of health in person, my commission to date from August 13.

I have the further honor to transmit herewith the official sanitary report for Rio de Janeiro for the week ended August 18. There were 335 deaths from all causes, a decrease of 47 as compared with the preceding week; 7 deaths from accesso pernicioso, an increase of 3; 2 deaths from yellow fever, an increase of 2; 60 from smallpox, an increase of 6; 4 from typhoid fever, a decrease of 1; 1 death from diphtheria, the same as before; 1 from measles, a decrease of 1; 1 from whooping cough, an increase of 1; 5 deaths from plague (officially classified as lymphititis), an increase of 5; 1 death from beriberi, a decrease of 2, and 48 deaths from tuberculosis, a decrease of 17.

Respectfully,

EDWARD W. AMES,
U. S. Vice Consul-General and
Acting Asstant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.